## **State of South Dakota**

## EIGHTY-FIFTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2010

491R0472

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1088

Introduced by: Representatives Gosch, Brunner, Dennert, Engels, Faehn, Feickert, Hunhoff (Bernie), Hunt, Kirschman, Kopp, Lucas, Lust, Noem, Rausch, Rave, Sly, Steele, and Turbiville and Senators Abdallah, Ahlers, Hanson (Gary), Heidepriem, Hundstad, Hunhoff (Jean), Kloucek, Knudson, Miles, Nelson, Novstrup (Al), Peterson, Rhoden, and Turbak Berry

- 1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to revise certain provisions regarding the rights of certain
- 2 new vehicle dealers and to declare an emergency.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 4 Section 1. That § 32-6B-1 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 32-6B-1. Terms as used in this chapter mean:
- 6 (1) "Administrator," the administrator of the dealer licensing and inspection program of 7 the Department of Revenue and Regulation;
- 8 (2) "Auctioneer," a person who presides over a public auction where following an initial

starting price, bids are taken from two or more people until a final bid or price is

10 established for a motor vehicle;

- 11 (2A) "Authorized emergency vehicle," any vehicle of a fire department and any ambulance
- and emergency vehicle of a municipal department or public service corporation that
- are designated or authorized by the Department of Public Safety;

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1	(3)	"Broker," a person who, for a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration,			
2		arranges or offers to arrange a transaction involving the sale or exchange of vehicles,			
3		and who is not:			
4		(a) A dealer or a bona fide agent or employee of a dealer;			
5		(b) A representative or a bona fide agent or employee of a manufacturer; or			
6		(c) At any point in the transaction the bona fide owner of the vehicle involved in			
7		the transactions;			
8	(4)	"Community," the franchisee's area of responsibility as stipulated in the franchise. A			
9		community has a minimum radius of ten miles around an existing dealership;			
10	(5)	"Converter," a person who modifies or installs on previously assembled chassis			
11		special bodies or equipment which, when completed, form an integral part of the			
12		vehicle and which constitutes a major manufacturing alteration and who may issue			
13		a supplemental or secondary statement of origin;			
14	(6)	"Demonstration," the noncommercial use of a dealer owned vehicle by any employee			
15		of the dealership for any purpose in the ordinary course of business relating to the			
16		sale of the vehicle within the trade or market area of the dealership or demonstration			
17		by any prospective buyer for a period of three days. The term includes vehicles			
18		donated by a dealership to a community or organization and used for a one-day			
19		parade or event;			
20	(6A)	"Department," the Department of Revenue and Regulation;			
21	(6B)	"Emergency vehicle dealer," any person who converts or manufacturers authorized			
22		emergency vehicles and who, for commission or with intent to make a profit or gain,			
23		sells, exchanges, rents with option to purchase, offers, or attempts to negotiate a sale			
24		or exchange of new, or new and used authorized emergency vehicles, or who is			

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1		engaged wholly or in part in the business of selling new, or new and used authorized
2		emergency vehicles;
3	(7)	"Franchise," a written or oral agreement or contract between a franchisor and
4		franchisee which fixes the legal rights and liabilities of the parties to such agreement
5		or contract;
6	(8)	"Franchisee," person who receives vehicles from a franchisor under a franchise and
7		who offers and sells the vehicles to the general public;
8	(9)	"Franchisor," any person engaged in the manufacturing or distribution of vehicles
9		including any person who acts for the franchisor;
10	<u>(9A)</u>	"Good faith," honesty in fact and the observance of reasonable, nondiscriminatory
11		commercial standards of fair dealing in the trade, as defined and interpreted in the
12		Uniform Commercial Code as amended to January 1, 2010;
13	(10)	"In-transit," the noncommercial use of a dealer owned vehicle by any employee of the
14		dealership for travel to and from any service facility, detail shop, repair shop, gas
15		station, car wash, dealer auction, another lot owned by the dealer, a supplemental lot,
16		temporary special events lot, temporary supplemental lot, or any other location to
17		facilitate a dealer trade;
18	(10A)	"Manufacturer," a person who manufactures or assembles vehicles, including motor
19		homes, and who issues the original or first manufacturer's statement of origin. The
20		term, manufacturer, includes a central or principal sales corporation through which
21		it distributes its products to franchised dealers;
22	(11)	"Motor home," a motor vehicle designed as an integral unit to be used as a
23		conveyance upon the public highways and for use as a temporary or recreational
24		dwelling and having at least four of the following permanently installed systems:

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1		(a)	Cooking facilities;
2		(b)	Ice box or mechanical refrigerator;
3		(c)	Potable water supply including plumbing and a sink with faucet either self-
4			contained or with connections for an external source, or both;
5		(d)	Self-contained toilet connected to a plumbing system with connection for
6			external water disposal;
7		(e)	Heating or air conditioning system, or both, separate from the vehicle engine
8			or the vehicle electrical system;
9		(f)	A one hundred tenone hundred fifteen volt alternating current electrical
10			system separate from the vehicle engine electrical system either with its own
11			power supply or with a connection for an external source, or both, or a
12			liquified petroleum system and supply;
13	(12)	"Publ	ic auction," a business that is open to the public where South Dakota titled
14		motor	vehicles are consigned, displayed, and auctioned to the highest bidder by ar
15		auctio	oneer;
16	(12A)	"Recr	eational park trailer," a vehicle that is primarily designed to provide temporary
17		living	quarters for recreational, camping, or seasonal use and which:
18		(a)	Is built on a single chassis mounted on wheels;
19		(b)	Has a gross trailer area not exceeding four hundred square feet in the setup
20			mode;
21		(c)	Is certified by the manufacturer as complying with American National
22			Standards Institute Standard No. A119.5 in effect on January 1, 2008; and
23		(d)	Has at least a seventeen digit identification number and the manufacturer has
24			designated the vehicle as a recreational park model on the manufacturer

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- (13) "Sell-it-yourself lot," any space provided to a person for a fee to display that person's boat or vehicle for sale;
- 4 (14) "Semitrailer," any vehicle of the trailer type, equipped with a kingpin assembly,
  5 designed and used in conjunction with a fifth wheel connecting device on a motor
  6 vehicle and constructed so that some part of its weight and that of its load rests upon
  7 or is carried by another vehicle;
  - (15) "Supplemental lot," a physically separate location owned and maintained by a licensed dealer within the same county as the principal place of business;
  - (16) "Temporary special events lot," a location other than the principal place of business, supplemental lot, or temporary supplemental lot where a licensed trailer dealer, a licensed used car dealer selling only truck tractors, travel trailers, or motor homes, or any combination thereof, or a licensed vehicle dealer selling only truck tractors, travel trailers, or motor homes, or any combination thereof, may conduct business for a period of time not to exceed ten consecutive days for a specific purpose such as fairs, auctions, shopping center sales, or tent sales. A temporary special events lot shall meet all local zoning and building codes for the type of business being conducted;
  - or supplemental lot," a location other than the principal place of business or supplemental lot but within the same county as the principal place of business, or within the corporate limits of a municipality which overlaps boundaries of a county, or in an adjoining county, if the adjoining county has no licensed vehicle dealer selling automobiles, pick-ups, or passenger vans and the temporary supplemental lot is no more than ten miles from the principal place of business, where a licensed

vehicle dealer or a licensed used vehicle dealer may conduct business for a period of time not to exceed ten consecutive days for a specific purpose such as fairs, auto shows, auctions, shopping center promotions, or tent sales. A temporary supplemental lot shall meet all local zoning and building codes for the type of business being conducted. If a licensed vehicle dealer establishes a temporary supplemental lot in a county with a licensed used vehicle dealer, a licensed used vehicle dealer may establish a temporary supplemental lot in a county with a licensed vehicle dealer. A licensed vehicle dealer may establish, for manufacturer sponsored events, a temporary supplemental lot in an adjoining county that has no like franchised licensed dealer;

- (18) "Trailer," any vehicle without motive power designed to be coupled to or drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no part of its weight or that of its load rests upon the towing vehicle;
- (19) "Trailer dealer," any person who, for commission or with intent to make a profit or gain, sells, exchanges, rents with option to purchase, offers or attempts to negotiate a sale or exchange of new or used trailers, semitrailers or travel trailers or who is engaged in the business of selling new or used trailers, semitrailers or travel trailers whether or not such vehicles are owned by such person;
- (20) "Travel trailer," any trailer or semitrailer which provides as its primary purpose adequate, comfortable, temporary living quarters while on pleasure excursions or while touring for business, professional, educational or recreational purposes;
- (21) "Used vehicle dealer," any person who, for commission or with intent to make a profit or gain sells, exchanges, rents with option to purchase, offers or attempts to negotiate a sale or exchange of used vehicles or who is engaged in the business of

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1		selling used venicles; or any person wno sells five or more used venicles or offers for
2		sale five or more used vehicles at the same address or telephone number in any one
3		calendar year;
4	(22)	"Vehicle," any new or used automobile, truck, truck tractor, motorcycle, motor home
5		trailer with a gross vehicle weight rating greater than three thousand pounds
6		semitrailer or travel trailer of the type and kind required to be titled and registered
7		under chapters 32-3 and 32-5, except manufactured homes, mobile homes, mopeds
8		or snowmobiles;
9	(23)	"Vehicle dealer," any person who, for commission or with intent to make a profit or
10		gain, sells, exchanges, rents with option to purchase, offers or attempts to negotiate
11		a sale or exchange of new, or new and used vehicles, or who is engaged wholly or ir
12		part in the business of selling new, or new and used vehicles.
13	Section	on 2. That § 32-6B-45 be amended to read as follows:
14	32-6H	3-45. No franchisor may terminate or refuse to continue any franchise unless the
15	franchiso	r has first established in a hearing held under the provisions of chapter 1-26, that:
16	<del>(1)</del>	The franchisor has cause for termination or noncontinuance; and
17	<del>(2)</del>	Upon termination or noncontinuance, another franchise in the same line-make will
18		become effective in the same community without diminution of the vehicle service
19		formerly provided or that the community cannot be reasonably expected to suppor
20		such a dealership. No franchisor may, directly or through an officer, agent, or
21		employee, terminate, cancel, fail to renew, or substantially change the competitive
22		circumstances of a vehicle dealership agreement without good cause. For the
23		purposes of this section, good cause means failure by a vehicle dealer to substantially
24		comply with essential and reasonable requirements imposed upon the vehicle dealer

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1		by the vehicle dealership agreement, if the requirements are not different from those
2		requirements imposed on other similarly situated vehicle dealers by their terms. In
3		addition, good cause exists if:
4	<u>(1)</u>	Without the consent of the vehicle manufacturer, the vehicle dealer has transferred
5		an interest in the vehicle dealership, there has been a withdrawal from the dealership
6		of an individual proprietor, partner, major shareholder, or the manager of the
7		dealership, or there has been a substantial reduction in interest of a partner or major
8		stockholder;
9	<u>(2)</u>	The vehicle dealer has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy or has had an
10		involuntary petition in bankruptcy filed against it which has not been discharged
11		within thirty days after the filing, there has been a closeout or sale of a substantial
12		part of the dealer's assets related to the vehicle business, or there has been a
13		commencement of dissolution or liquidation of the dealer;
14	<u>(3)</u>	There has been a change, without the prior written approval of the manufacturer, in
15		the location of the dealer's principal place of business under the dealership
16		agreement;
17	<u>(4)</u>	The vehicle dealer has defaulted under a security agreement between the dealer and
18		the vehicle manufacturer or there has been a revocation or discontinuance of a
19		guarantee of the dealer's present or future obligations to the vehicle manufacturer;
20	<u>(5)</u>	The vehicle dealer has failed to operate in the normal course of business for seven
21		consecutive days or has otherwise abandoned the business;
22	<u>(6)</u>	The vehicle dealer has pleaded guilty to or has been convicted of a felony affecting
23		the relationship between the dealer and the manufacturer;
24	<u>(7)</u>	The dealer has engaged in conduct which is injurious or detrimental to the dealer's

1	customers or to the public welfare; or
2	(8) The vehicle dealer, after receiving notice from the manufacturer of its requirements
3	for reasonable market penetration based on the manufacturer's experience in other
4	comparable marketing areas, consistently fails to meet the manufacturer's market
5	penetration requirements.
6	A vehicle manufacturer shall provide a vehicle dealer at least ninety days prior written notice
7	of termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the dealership agreement. The notice shall state
8	all reasons constituting good cause for the action and shall provide that the dealer has sixty days
9	in which to cure any claimed deficiency. If the deficiency is rectified within sixty days, the
10	notice is void. The notice and right to cure provisions under this section do not apply if the
11	reason for termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal is for any reason set forth in subdivisions
12	(1) to (7), inclusive.
13	Section 3. That § 32-6B-46 be repealed.
14	32-6B-46. In determining whether cause is established for terminating or not continuing a
15	franchise, the department shall consider the existing circumstances, including, but not limited
16	<del>to:</del>
17	(1) Failure by the franchisee to comply with requirements imposed upon him by the
18	franchise, which requirements are both essential and reasonable;
19	(2) Use of bad faith by the franchisee in carrying out the terms of the franchise;
20	(3) Whether the franchisee has adequate new vehicle facilities, equipment, parts, and
21	qualified management, sales, and service personnel to reasonably provide consumer
22	care for the new vehicles sold at retail by the franchisee;
23	(4) Whether the franchisee refuses to honor warranties of the franchisor to be performed
24	by the franchisee if the franchisor reimburses the franchisee for such warranty work

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1		performed by the franchisee; or
2	<del>(5)</del>	Whether it is injurious to the public welfare for the business of the franchisee to be
3		discontinued.
4	Section	on 4. That § 32-6B-49.1 be amended to read as follows:
5	32-6E	3-49.1. No franchise agreement may include any term or condition in a franchise that:
6	(1)	Requires the franchisee to waive trial by jury involving the franchisor;
7	(2)	Specifies the jurisdictions, venues or tribunals in which disputes arising with respect
8		to the franchise, lease or agreement shall or may not be submitted for resolution or
9		otherwise prevents a franchisee from bringing an action in a particular forum
10		otherwise available under the law;
11	(3)	Requires that disputes between the franchisor and franchisee be submitted to
12		arbitration or to any other binding alternate dispute resolution procedure. However,
13		any franchise, lease or agreement may authorize the submission of a dispute to
14		arbitration or to binding alternate dispute resolution if the franchisor and franchisee
15		voluntarily agree to submit the dispute to arbitration or binding alternate dispute
16		resolution at the time the dispute arises;
17	(4)	Requires a franchisee to pay the attorney fees of a franchisor;
18	(5)	Prohibits the holder of an existing franchise from being dualed with another
19		franchisor's line that does not substantially affect the current franchisor or
20		community;
21	(6)	Prohibits the holder of an existing franchise from moving to another facility within
22		the franchisee's community that is equal to or superior to the franchisee's former
23		facility; <del>or</del>
24	(7)	Prohibits the holder of an existing franchise from making improvements to the

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1	franchisee's current facilit	y within the	franchisee's	community; or

a franchisee of that franchisee's franchise or assets.

(8) Permits a franchisor or the franchisor's assignee to exercise a right of first refusal to acquire a franchisee's franchise or a franchisee's assets in connection with the sale by

An existing franchisee shall give the franchisor prior written notice of the proposed dual arrangement, relocation, or improvement described in subdivisions (5), (6), and (7). The notice shall contain sufficient information for the franchisor to evaluate the proposal. Within sixty days of receiving said notice, the franchisor shall send a letter to the franchisee either approving or disapproving the proposal. If the franchisor does not notify the franchisee of its approval or denial of the dual arrangement, relocation, or improvement within the sixty-day period, the franchisee's proposal shall be deemed to have been approved. No franchisor may unreasonably withhold its approval. Denial of a proposed dual arrangement or facility improvement shall be supported by credible evidence that it will substantially affect in an adverse way the current franchisor or community. Denial of a proposed relocation shall be supported by credible

This section does not apply to agreements pertaining to the lease or sale of real property.

evidence that the new location is not at least equal to the franchisee's former facility.

17 Section 5. That § 32-6B-50 be amended to read as follows:

32-6B-50. If a franchisor seeks to terminate or not continue a franchise or seeks to enter into an additional franchise of the same line-make, the franchisor shall file a notice with the department of his the franchisor's intention to terminate or not continue the franchise or to enter into a franchise for additional representation of the same line-make. This section does not apply to any intended termination or noncontinuance of a franchise which the franchisee elects voluntarily.

Section 6. That § 32-6B-51 be amended to read as follows:

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32-6B-51. Upon receiving a notice of intention, the department shall, within five days, send
by first class mail, a copy of the notice to the franchisee whose franchise the franchisor seeks
to terminate or not continue. If the notice seeks seeking to establish an additional franchise of
the same line-make in a particular community, a copy of the notice shall be sent within five days
of receipt to all franchisees in the community who are engaged in the business of offering to sell
or selling the same line-make. The department may also give a copy of the franchisor's notice
to any other party which it considers interested persons.

- 8 Section 7. That § 32-6B-54 be amended to read as follows:
- 9 32-6B-54. Upon a hearing conducted under the provisions of chapter 1-26, the franchisor 10 has the burden of proof to establish that cause exists to terminate or not continue the franchise, 11 or to enter into a franchise establishing an additional dealership.
- 12 Section 8. That § 32-6B-55 be amended to read as follows:

Section 9. That § 32-6B-56 be amended to read as follows:

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- 32-6B-55. If a franchisor is <u>not</u> permitted to terminate or not to continue a franchise and is further permitted not to enter into a franchise for the line-make in the community, no <u>such</u> franchise may <u>thereafter</u> be entered into for the sale of <u>such</u> vehicles of that line-make in the community; unless the franchisor has first established <u>thereafter establishes</u>, in a <u>subsequent</u> hearing held under the provisions of chapter 1-26, that there has been a change of circumstances so that the community at that time can be reasonably expected to support the <u>such a</u> dealership.
- 32-6B-56. If a franchisor enters into or attempts to enter into a franchise, whether upon termination or refusal to continue another franchise or upon the establishment of for an additional new vehicle dealership in a community where the same line-make is already represented, without first complying with the provisions of this chapter, no dealer's license may be issued to that franchisee or proposed franchisee to engage in the business of selling new

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vehicles, manufactured or distributed by that franchisor.

- 2 Section 10. That § 32-6B-58 be amended to read as follows:
  - 32-6B-58. Every franchisor or manufacturer shall properly fulfill any warranty agreement and compensate, as set forth in § 32-6B-61, each of its vehicle dealers for labor and parts. The franchisor or manufacturer shall pay all claims made by a vehicle dealer for the labor and parts within thirty days following their approval. The franchisor or manufacturer shall either approve or disapprove the claim within thirty days after its receipt. If a claim is disapproved, the vehicle dealer who submitted the claim shall be notified in writing of its the claim's disapproval within the thirty-day period. Any claim rejected for technical reasons may be put into proper form by the vehicle dealer. Any claim resubmitted by the vehicle dealer within thirty days after the receipt of the claim shall be considered to be approved and payment shall be made within thirty days. The franchisor or manufacturer has the right to audit any vehicle dealer claims claim for one year after payment a period of one year after the claim is paid to the dealer and to charge back to the new vehicle dealer the amount of any unsubstantiated claim. If there is evidence of fraud by the vehicle dealer, the audit period is two years from the actual or constructive notice of facts constituting the alleged fraud.
- 17 Section 11. That § 32-6B-61 be amended to read as follows:
  - 32-6B-61. The schedule of compensation for warranty work shall include reasonable compensation for diagnostic work, as well as repair service, parts, and labor. Time allowances for diagnosis and performance of warranty work and service shall be adequate for the work to be performed. The hourly labor rate paid to the dealer for warranty services may not be less than the rate charged by the dealer for like service to nonwarranty customers for nonwarranty service. Reimbursement for parts used in the performance of warranty repair may not be less than the amount paid by the dealer to acquire the parts plus a reasonable allowance for handling, which

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may not be less than thirty percent current retail rate customarily charged by the vehicle dealer
for such parts. Each manufacturer, in establishing a schedule of compensation for warranty
work, shall rely on the vehicle dealer's written schedule of hourly labor rates and parts and may
not obligate any vehicle dealer to engage in unduly burdensome documentation thereof,
including, without limitation, obligating vehicle dealers to engage in transaction by transaction
calculations.

7 Section 12. That § 32-6B-69.1 be amended to read as follows:

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- 32-6B-69.1. A franchisor may reasonably and periodically audit a franchisee to determine the validity of paid claims or chargebacks for customer or dealer incentives. An audit of incentive payments may apply only to the two-year period immediately preceding the date on which the dealer was notified of an impending audit for a period of one year after the claims are paid to the dealer. The limitations of this section do not apply if the franchisor can prove fraud.
- 13 Section 13. That § 32-6B-77 be amended to read as follows:
  - 32-6B-77. A dealer whose application to transfer is rejected may file an objection with the department as provided for in § 32-6B-53, or the dealer may file a civil proceeding to challenge the denial of the transfer. In an action brought under §§ 32-6B-73 to 32-6B-78, inclusive, the burden is on the manufacturer or franchisor to prove that the prospective transferee is not qualified. An objection filed under §§ 32-6B-73 to 32-6B-78, inclusive, is a contested case.
- 19 Section 14. That § 32-6B-84 be repealed.
- 20 32-6B-84. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise, the manufacturer or franchisor may
  21 exercise a right of first refusal to acquire the vehicle dealer's assets or ownership if all of the
  22 following conditions are met:
- (1) The manufacturer or franchisor notifies the vehicle dealer in writing within sixty days
   of its receipt of the completed proposal for the sale or transfer and all related

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1 agreements of its exercise of the right of first refusal along with a concise statement 2 of its reasons for doing so; The exercise of the right of first refusal results in the vehicle dealer receiving the 3 4 same or greater consideration as the vehicle dealer has contracted to receive in 5 connection with the proposed change of ownership or transfer; The proposed sale or transfer does not involve the transfer or sale to a member or 6 (3)7 members of the family of one or more vehicle dealers, or to a qualified manager with 8 at least two years management experience at the dealership of one or more of such 9 vehicle dealers, or to an entity controlled by such persons; 10 The manufacturer or franchisor agrees to pay the reasonable expenses, including 11 attorney fees not to exceed the usual, customary, and reasonable fees charged for 12 similar work done for other clients, incurred by the proposed owner or transferee 13 prior to the manufacturer's or franchisor's exercise of its right of first refusal in 14 negotiating and implementing the contract for the proposed sale or transfer. The 15 expenses and attorney fees shall be paid to the proposed new owner or transferee at 16 the time of closing of the sale or transfer for which the manufacturer or franchisor 17 exercised its right of first refusal. No payment of expenses and attorney fees is 18 required if the proposed new owner or transferee has not submitted an accounting of those expenses within thirty days of the vehicle dealer's receipt of the manufacturer's 19 20 or franchisors written request for such an accounting. A manufacturer or franchisor 21 may request an accounting before exercising a right of first refusal; 22 The vehicle dealer has no liability to any person or entity as to any disclosed term, 23 condition, or issue as a result of a manufacturer or franchisor exercising a right of first refusal; and 24

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Regardless of any express terms, provisions, or conditions of the franchise, the

2 exercise of the right of first refusal is not unreasonable.

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- 3 Section 15. That § 32-6B-78 be amended to read as follows:
- 32-6B-78. The issue in an objection filed under §§ 32-6B-73 to 32-6B-78, inclusive, either 5 with the department or in a separate civil proceeding, is whether or not the prospective 6 transferee is qualified. The department, or a court in a separate civil proceeding, shall enter an 7 order holding that the prospective transferee either is qualified or is not qualified. If the 8 department's or a court's order is that the prospective transferee is qualified, the dealer's 9 franchise agreement is amended to reflect the change in franchisee and the manufacturer or 10 franchisor shall accept the transfer for all purposes. If the department's or a court's order is that the prospective transferee is not qualified, the department or a court may include specific reasons why the prospective transferee is not qualified and may include specific conditions 12 13 under which the prospective transferee would be qualified. If the department's or a court's order 14 that a prospective transferee is not qualified includes specific conditions under which the 15 prospective transferee would be qualified, the department or a court may retain jurisdiction of 16 the dispute for a time certain to allow the dealer and prospective transferee to meet the conditions set forth.
  - Section 16. That chapter 32-6B be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as follows:
  - The provisions of this chapter as amended on the effective date of this Act apply to each vehicle dealer in any written or oral vehicle dealership agreement existing between a dealer and a manufacturer or distributor on the effective date of this Act which has no expiration date and to any subsequent written or oral vehicle dealership agreement entered into, amended, or renewed between a vehicle dealer and a manufacturer or distributor.

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1 Section 17. That chapter 32-6B be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as 2 follows: 3 Notwithstanding the terms of any vehicle dealer agreement or waiver to the contrary, any 4 vehicle dealer whose business or property is injured, or is about to be injured, by any violation 5 of § 32-6B-45 to 32-6B-84, inclusive, may bring a civil action to enjoin any such violation, 6 without having to prove irreparable injury, and to recover actual damages sustained, together 7 with costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorney fees. 8 Section 18. That § 37-5-12.2 be amended to read as follows: 9 37-5-12.2. For the purposes of §§ 37-5-1 to 37-5-12, inclusive, the term, merchandise, 10 means: 11 (1) Automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, motor homes or travel trailers of the type and kind 12 required to be titled and registered pursuant to chapters 32-3 and 32-5, and 13 accessories; 14 (2) Farm tractors, farm implements, farm machinery, and attachments; 15 (3) Industrial and construction equipment and attachments; Boats and personal watercraft; 16 (4) 17 (5) Snowmobiles and all-terrain vehicles, including multipurpose utility vehicles, side 18 by sides, and similar type vehicles whether powered by electricity or by combustion 19 engine; 20 (6) Office furniture, equipment, supplies, and attachments; 21 (7) Outdoor power equipment and attachments; 22 (8) A temperature control unit; and 23 (9) An auxiliary idle reduction and temperature management system or auxiliary power

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unit.

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1 For the purposes of this section, the term, temperature control unit, means a piece of

2 equipment that is mounted on a titled vehicle (trailer, rail car, or container) for the temperature

- 3 management of temperature sensitive cargo.
- 4 For the purposes of this section, the term, auxiliary idle reduction and temperature
- 5 management system, means a piece of equipment that is mounted on a titled vehicle, usually a
- 6 semi-tractor, to enable the driver to turn off the engine yet have access to air conditioning, heat,
- 7 and electric power inside the vehicle's cab.
- 8 Section 19. That chapter 37-5 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as
- 9 follows:

- 10 Any manufacturer or supplier of merchandise as defined in subdivision 37-5-12.2(5) that 11 authorizes a dealer of such merchandise to perform the warranty work is obligated to provide 12 that dealer reasonable compensation for diagnostic work, as well as repair service, parts, and 13 labor to the dealer. Time allowances for diagnostic and performance of warranty work and 14 service shall be adequate for the work to be performed. The hourly labor rate paid to the dealer 15 for warranty services may not be less than the rate charged by the dealer for like service to 16 nonwarranty customers for nonwarranty service. Reimbursement for parts used in the 17 performance of warranty repair may not be less than the current retail rate customarily charged 18 by the dealer for the part or parts.
  - Section 20. Whereas, this Act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
- 20 peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, and this Act shall be in full
- 21 force and effect from and after its passage and approval.